

January 27, 2026

RE: PROPOSITION 65 COMPLIANCE

This letter serves as notification to our customers of the presence of low concentrations of ethylbenzene and styrene in our General-Purpose Polystyrene (**GPPS**), High Impact Polystyrene (**HIPS**) and Styrene-Acrylic Copolymers (**SMMA**).

General Purpose Polystyrene (GPPS): **Resirene® HH-101, HH-103, HH-103FB, HH-104, HH-108, HF-555, HF-777**

High Impact Polystyrene (HIPS): **Resirene® 2210, 4220, 5470, 6110, 6420, 6470, 7600**

Styrene-acrylic Copolymers (SMMA): **CET® 116, CET® 123, CET® 230, CET® 240, CET® 250, CET® 265, CET® 231 DB, CET® 241 DB, CET® 251 DB**

Both ethylbenzene and styrene are listed on the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (known by its original name of Proposition 65) of the State of California, updated on **December 5, 2025** (<https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/proposition-65-list>)

Please refer to the table below for the concentration of the referred substances in our products:

Table 1. Residuals in Resirene products (%)

Product	Styrene CAS 100-42-5	Ethylbenzene CAS 100-41-1
GPPS	< 0.15	< 0.001
HIPS	< 0.15	< 0.002
CET	< 0.15	< 0.001

The Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) of California is aware of the multiple uses of polystyrene, including in food containers and food packaging materials, and points out that styrenic polymers are not the subject of the proposed listing. OEHHA notes that under Proposition 65, a warning for styrene would not be required for exposures where there is no significant risk of cancer. According to Proposition 65, the NSRL (No Significant Risk Level) for styrene is 27 µg/person/day.

Polymer producers must provide their customers with ethylbenzene and residual styrene concentrations. According to Proposition 65, this is the only information required to be provided by the polymer producer. While it is not anticipated that consumer exposure to styrene will exceed the abovementioned limit, the producer of the final product must perform the proper calculations or tests to determine if a warning label is necessary.

Version 3.0 – 2026 page 1/2



According to our information, those two substances are the only ones present in the material, from the Prop 65 list.

This information is considered accurate and reliable as of the date appearing above and is presented in good faith. Because use conditions and applicable laws may differ from one location to another and may change with time, Recipient is responsible for determining whether the information in this document is appropriate for recipient's use. Since Resirene has no control over how this information may be ultimately used, all liability is expressly disclaimed and Resirene assumes no obligation or liability, therefore. No warranty, express or implied, is given by Resirene or others to be inferred.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'J. Navarro'.

Jorge F. Navarro

Regulatory Affairs – Product Stewardship

safety@resirene.com

